

# Safety Data Sheet

# SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

#### 1.1. Product identifier

**ACRYLSHIELD** Trade name and code: Chemical name and synonym Acrilic resin

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Intened use

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Company name:

DECORA A&C PTE. LTD. 51 Ubi Avenue 1

#05-19 Paya Ubi Industrial Park

408933 Singapore tel. +65 6858 1778

e-mail address of the competent person responsible for the Safety Data Sheet:

info@decora-art.com

1.4. Emergency telephone number

DECORA A&C PTE. LTD. (9am-5pm, GMT+8) For urgent inquiries refer to:

### **SECTION 2. Hazard identification**

#### 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2015/830. Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2 H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

# 2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



Signal words: Warning

Hazard statement:

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

Precautionary statements:

P501 Dispose of contents/container to ... P102 Keep out of reach of children.

If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand P101

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Contains: QUARTZ



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#### 2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

# **SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients**

#### 3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification Classification 1272/2008 (CLP) x = Conc. % **QUARTZ** CAS 14808-60-7 STOT RE 2 H373  $18 \le x < 19.5$ EC 238-878-4 INDEX -

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. CAS 111-76-2  $0.3 \le x < 0.35$ 

2 H315

EC 203-905-0 INDEX 603-014-00-0

**ETHANEDIOL** 

CAS 107-21-1  $0.3 \le x < 0.35$ Acute Tox. 4 H302

EC 203-473-3 INDEX 603-027-00-1

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

### **SECTION 4. First aid measures**

#### 4.1. Description of first aid measures

EYES: Remove contact lenses, if present. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. If problem persists, seek medical advice.

SKIN: Remove contaminated clothing. Wash immediately with plenty of water. If irritation persists, get medical advice/attention. Wash contaminated clothing before using it again.

INHALATION: Remove to open air. In the event of breathing difficulties, get medical advice/attention immediately.

INGESTION: Get medical advice/attention. Induce vomiting only if indicated by the doctor. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person, unless authorised by a doctor.

# 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Information not available

# **SECTION 5. Firefighting measures**

# 5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT The extinguishing equipment should be of the conventional kind: carbon dioxide, foam, powder and water spray. UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT None in particular.

# 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Do not breathe combustion products.

# 5.3. Advice for firefighters

# GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.





#### SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

### **SECTION 6. Accidental release measures**

#### 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard. Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

#### 6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

#### 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material. Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

#### 6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

# **SECTION 7. Handling and storage**

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Before handling the product, consult all the other sections of this material safety data sheet. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove any contaminated clothes and personal protective equipment before entering places in which people eat.

### 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well-ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials see section 10 for details.

### 7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

# **SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection**

# 8.1. Control parameters

GBR United Kingdom EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits ITA Italy Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81

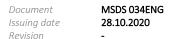
U OELEU Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive

2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 91/322/EEC

TLV-ACGHI ACGIH 2019

ETHANEDIOL												
Threshold Limit Value												
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min								
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm							
WEL	GBR	52	20	104	40							
VLEP	ITA	52	20	104	40	SKIN						
OEL	EU	52	20	104	40	SKIN						
TLV-ACGIH			25		50							
TLV-ACGIH				10		INHAL						

2-BUTOXYETHANOL									
Threshold Limit Value									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15min					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm				
WEL	GBR	123	25	246	50	SKIN			
VLEP	ITA	98	20	246	50	SKIN			
OEL	EU	98	20	246	50	SKIN			
TLV-ACGIH		97	20						







#### Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

### 8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION Protect hands with category III work gloves (see standard EN 374).

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material: compatibility, degradation, failure time and permeability. The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of

SKIN PROTECTION Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

EYE PROTECTION Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN 166).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION If the threshold value (e.g. TLV-TWA) is exceeded for the substance or one of the substances present in the product, use a mask with a type B filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387). In the presence of gases or vapours of various kinds and/or gases or vapours containing particulate (aerosol sprays, fumes, mists, etc.) combined filters are required.

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. The protection provided by masks is in any case limited.

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529.

#### **ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS**

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

# **SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties**

### 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance pasty

Colour White and colour card

Odour odourless Odour threshold Not available Not available Melting point / freezing point Not available Initial boiling point Not available Not available Boiling range Flash point > 60 °C Not available **Evaporation Rate** Flammability of solids and gases Not available Lower inflammability limit Not available Upper inflammability limit Not available Lower explosive limit Not available Upper explosive limit Not available Vapour pressure Not available Vapour density Not available Relative density Not available Solubility soluble Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water Not available Auto-ignition temperature Not available Decomposition temperature Not available Viscosity Tixotropica Not available Explosive properties Oxidising properties Not available

# 9.2. Other information

Total solids (250°C / 482°F) 56,17 %

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EC): 0,60% - 9,00 g/liter

Document MSDS 034ENG
Issuing date 28.10.2020
Revision -





VOC (volatile carbon):

0,30%

# **SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

**ETHANEDIOL** 

In the air absorbs moisture. Decomposes at temperatures above 200°C/392°F.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Decomposes under the effect of heat.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

#### 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No hazardous reactions are foreseeable in normal conditions of use and storage.

**ETHANEDIOL** 

Risk of explosion on contact with: perchloric acid. May react dangerously with: chlorosulphuric acid,sodium hydroxide,sulphuric acid,phosphorus pentasulphide,chromium (III) oxide,chromyl chloride,potassium perchlorate,potassium dichromate,sodium peroxide,aluminium.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

#### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May react dangerously with: aluminium, oxidising agents. Forms peroxides with: air

#### 10.4. Conditions to avoid

None in particular. However, the usual precautions used for chemical products should be respected.

**ETHANEDIOL** 

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat, naked flames.

### 10.5. Incompatible materials

# 10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

**ETHANEDIOL** 

May develop: hydroxyacetaldehyde,glyoxal,acetaldehyde,methane,carbon monoxide,hydrogen.

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

May develop: hydrogen.

# **SECTION 11. Toxicological information**

# 11.1. Information on toxicological effects

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

**ETHANEDIOL** 

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with skin.

POPULATION: inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of product containing the substance.





#### Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

#### **ETHANEDIOL**

Ingestion initially stimulates the central nervous system; later replaced by a phase of depression. There may be kidney damage, with anuria and uremia. Over-exposure symptoms are: vomiting, drowsiness, difficulty in breathing, convulsions. The lethal dose for humans is approx. 1.4 ml/kg.

#### Interactive effects

Information not available

#### **ACUTE TOXICITY**

LC50 (Inhalation) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Oral) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)
LD50 (Dermal) of the mixture:
Not classified (no significant component)

#### 2-BUTOXYETHANOL

LD50 (Oral) 615 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 405 mg/kg Rabbit

LC50 (Inhalation) 2,2 mg/l4h Rat

### **ETHANEDIOL**

LD50 (Oral) > 2000 mg/kg Rat

LD50 (Dermal) 9530 mg/kg Rabbit

### SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

# SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### **RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION**

May produce an allergic reaction.

### **GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### **CARCINOGENICITY**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

### **ETHANEDIOL**

Available studies have shown no carcinogenic potential. In a carcinogenicity study lasting two years, carried out by the US National Toxicology Program (NTP), in which ethylene glycol was administered in the feed, "no evidence of carcinogenic activity" in male and female B6C3F1 mice was observed (NTP, 1993).

# REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

# STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

# STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

# **ASPIRATION HAZARD**

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class Viscosity: Tixotropica

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# **SECTION 12. Ecological information**

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

#### 12.1. Toxicity

Information not available

### 12.2. Persistence and degradability

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Solubility in water 1000 – 10000 mg/l

Rapidly Degradable

**ETHANEDIOL** 

Solubility in water 1000 – 10000 mg/l

Rapidly Degradable

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

2-BUTOXYETHANOL

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,81

**ETHANEDIOL** 

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water -1,36

12.4. Mobility in soil

Information not available

#### 12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage greater than 0,1%.

#### 12.6. Other adverse effects

Information not available

# **SECTION 13. Disposal considerations**

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Neat product residues should be considered special non-hazardous waste.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

# **SECTION 14. Transport information**

The product is not dangerous under current provisions of the Code of International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road (ADR) and by Rail (RID), of the International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG), and of the International Air Transport Association (IATA) regulations.

#### 14.1. UN number

Not applicable

### 14.2. UN proper shipping name

Not applicable

# 14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

Not applicable

# 14.4. Packing group

Not applicable

# 14.5. Environmental hazards

Document MSDS 034ENG
Issuing date 28.10.2020
Revision -





Not applicable

#### 14.6. Special precautions for user

Not applicable

#### 14.7. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of Marpol and the IBC Code

Information not relevant

# **SECTION 15. Regulatory information**

### 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EC: None

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

**Product** 

Point

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage greater than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to (EC) Reg. 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

# **SECTION 16. Other information**

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure, category 2

Eye Irrit. 2 Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2 Skin irritation, category 2
H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.

H332 Harmful if inhaled

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

H315 Causes skin irritation

#### LEGEND

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- CAS NUMBER: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE NUMBER: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: EC Regulation 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level

Document MSDS 034ENG
Issuing date 28.10.2020
Revision -





- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX NUMBER: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent bioaccumulative and toxic as REACH Regulation
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: EC Regulation 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very Persistent and very Bioaccumulative as for REACH Regulation
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

#### GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 4. Regulation (EU) 2015/830 of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EÚ) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
   The Merck Index. 10th Edition
   Handling Chemical Safety

- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology
- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

# Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

Product's classification is based on the calculation methods set out in Annex I of the CLP Regulation, unless otherwise indicated in sections 11 and 12. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

